Wisconsin Circuit Courts Americans with Disabilities Act – Title II Public Programs, Services and Activities

The Wisconsin Court System is committed to full implementation of Title II of the American with Disabilities Act 1990 (ADA), as amended, and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Section 504), as amended, and their implementing regulations, which are comprehensive civil rights laws for individuals with disabilities. Court system programs, services and activities should be readily accessible to qualified individuals with disabilities.

No individual will be refused participation in a service, program, or activity solely because the individual has a disability, needs an accommodation or because a building is inaccessible. Reasonable modifications in policies and procedures will be made so that individuals with disabilities are not denied access. However, courts are not required to make accommodations that would result in a fundamental alteration of court programs and services or an undue financial or administrative burden.

Effective communication with individuals with disabilities is essential. With sufficient notice, auxiliary aids and services will be provided to ensure effective communications with individuals with disabilities. When an auxiliary aid or service is required, the court system will give primary consideration to the choice expressed by the individual. Auxiliary aids and services may include sign language interpreters, assistive listening devices, real-time captioning, readers, or similar assistance.

If you would like to request an accommodation, begin by contacting the Clerk of Circuit Court in the county where your case is filed. Requests for accommodations may be oral or in writing. You may be asked to complete a Request for Accommodation form (GF-153) so the court can have a full understanding of your request. Please make the request as soon as possible so that appropriate accommodations can be arranged in advance of your next court proceeding. The Clerk may refer some requests to the judge for determination.

Referring Requests to the Judge

If the Clerk of Court does not have the authority to grant or deny your request for accommodation, the Clerk will refer the request to the judge for determination. Circumstances when the Clerk must refer a request to the judge include when a request will affect the fairness of the proceeding or the other party's constitutional due process guarantees, or if the if the facts of the case otherwise necessitate it.

Examples of requests that affect the fairness of the proceeding or the other party's constitutional due process guarantees include, but are not limited to, requests for extensions of deadlines, frequent breaks, use of video conferencing, or recording the proceedings. In these cases, the judge may require that you file a motion to request an accommodation or that you file a Request for Accommodation form (GF-153). Under Wisconsin law, any motion or document filed in the case is a public record unless designated confidential by statute or sealed by a court order. Accordingly, a motion to request an accommodation or a Request for Accommodation form filed in a case by request of a judge is not automatically confidential.

Filing the Request in the Court Record/Holding a Hearing

It is possible the request may be filed in the court record or discussed during a hearing. This may occur if the requested accommodation will directly impact the fairness of the proceeding or constitutional due process guarantees, or if the facts of the case necessitates it. Additionally, it may occur if the requested accommodation relates to the substantive matters of the underlying proceeding and the request constitutes an ex parte communication prohibited by SCR 60.04(1)(g), requiring notification to the other party.

Examples of such requests include, but are not limited to, having a non-lawyer advocate present or act on one's behalf, receiving free transcripts, requesting short breaks as needed, recording proceedings, receiving additional time to process and complete tasks, controlling or limiting the behavior of opposing counsel or parties.

If you want the information you included in an accommodation request and filed with the court protected from public disclosure, you will need to file a motion to seal and the court will determine whether to treat the information or document as confidential. You may file a motion to seal using a Motion to Seal or Redact a Court Record form (GF-246A). Use of GF-246A is not required and you may also submit a motion to seal in a different format. A Confidential Disclosure of Information to be Sealed or Redacted form (GF-245), should be used along with the motion to seal in order to submit the information to the court that you want to be sealed or redacted.

Documents filed in the court record are presumptively open to the public under Wisconsin law. If you file a request for the judge to protect your accommodation request from public disclosure, you are responsible for demonstrating, with particularity, that the administration of justice requires that the information be protected. The judge will consider the reasons you provided and will determine whether you have overcome the legislative policy expressed by the court records statute (Wis. Stat. § 59.20(3)) and the public interest favoring open court records. If your request to protect your accommodation request from public disclosure is denied, your accommodation request will be open to the public, subjecting it to review by other parties. It is also possible the judge will partially grant your request, making your accommodation request open to some parties.

If your accommodation request is denied, you may contact the District Court Administrator for that county. The District Court Administrator may help pursue the matter with the proper officials, who may include the judge, the county ADA coordinator, or the Chief Judge of the Judicial District. Each county also has its own ADA policies and grievance procedures applicable to county facilities, staff and services.

The Deputy Director of State Courts for Court Operations serves as the ADA State Coordinator for the Circuit Courts, providing technical assistance and information on accessibility. Contact Holly Szablewski, 110 East Main Street Room 410, Madison, WI 53703-3356; telephone: (608) 266-6984, TRS: 711 or 1-800-947-6644, email: Holly.Szablewski2@WIcourts.gov.

• For more information on the ADA, see the court website: https://www.wicourts.gov/services/public/ada.htm